MORTGAGE INSURANCE PREMIUMS WORKSHEET

Taxpayers with higher incomes may not be able to deduct all of their mortgage insurance premiums. If the combined AGI amount on Form AR1000/AR1000NR, Lines 27A and 27B, is between \$100,000 and \$109,000 (\$50,000 and \$54,000 if filing status 5), use the worksheet below to figure the amount you may deduct. If your income is more than \$109,000 (\$54,000 if filing status 5) you cannot deduct your mortgage insurance premiums.

	Enter the total premiums you paid in 2016 for qualified mortgage insurance for a contract issued after December 31, 2006	1		
2.	Enter the combined amount on Form AR1000/AR1000NR, Line 27A and 27B2			
3.	Enter \$100,000 (\$50,000 if married filing separately)3			
4.	Is the amount on Line 2 more than the amount on Line 3			
	■ NO. Your deduction is not limited. Enter the amount from Line 1 above on Form AR3, Line 11.			
	YES. Subtract Line 3 from Line 2. If the result is not a multiple of \$1,000 (\$500 if married filing separately), increase it to the next multiple of \$1,000 (\$500 if married filing separately). For example, increase \$425 to \$1,000, increase \$2,025 to \$3,000; or if married filing separately, increase \$425 to \$500, increase \$2,025 to \$2,500, etc	1		
5.	Divide Line 4 by \$10,000 (\$5,000 if married filing separately). Enter the result as a decimal. If the result is 1.0 or more, enter 1.0			
6.	Multiply Line 1 by Line 56			
7.	Qualified mortgage insurance premiums deduction. Subtract Line 6 from Line 1. Enter the result here and on Form AR3, Line 11	7		

STUDENT LOAN INTEREST WORKSHEET

1.	Enter th	er the total interest you paid in 2016 on qualified student loans11			
2.	Enter the smaller of Line 1 above or \$2,50022				
3.	Enter the amount(s) from Form AR1000F/AR1000NR, Line(s) 21A and 21B3				
4.	Enter total adjustments from Form AR1000F/AR1000NR, Line(s) 22A and 22B. (Do not include the deduction for interest paid on student loans, Line 6, AR1000ADJ.)			4_	
5.	Modified	d AGI. Subtract Line 4 from Line 3		5_	
	Note:	If line 5 is \$80,000 or more and you are filing Status 1, 3, or 6 or and you are filing Status 2 or 4, STOP HERE. You cannot to			
6.	Enter: \$	65,000 if filing Status 1, 3, or 6; \$130,000 if filing Status 2 or 4		6_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
7.		t Line 6 from Line 5. or less, enter -0- here and on Line 9, skip Line 8, and go to Line	ne 10	7_	
8.		ine 7 by \$15,000 (\$30,000 if filing status 2 or 4). sult as a decimal (rounded to at least three places).		8_	
9.	Multiply	Line 2 by Line 8		9_	
10.		le Deduction: Subtract Line 9 from Line 2. sult here and on Form AR1000ADJ, Line 6		10_	
FILING STATUS 4 ONLY					
11.	Enter th	e total interest for each spouse e combined amount on Line 111A	Yours 1	1B_	Spouse
12.	Total an	nount paid from Line 112	 		
13.	Divide L Enter re	ine 11A by Line 12. Sult as a decimal (rounded to at least three places) 13			
14.	Multiply Enter he	Line 10 by the amount on Line 13. ere and on AR1000ADJ, Line 6, Column A14			
15.	Subtrac	t Line 14 from Line 10. Enter here and on AR1000ADJ, Line 6, 0	Column B	15_	

SELF-EMPLOYED HEALTH INSURANCE DEDUCTION WORKSHEET

1.	Enter the total amount paid in 2016 for health insurance coverage established under your business for 2016 for you, your spouse, and your dependents
2.	Enter your net profit and any other earned income* from the business under which the insurance plan was established, less any deductions on Form AR1000ADJ, Line 10 2_
3.	Enter the smaller of Line 1 or Line 2 here and on Form AR1000ADJ, Line 9 . (Do not include this amount in figuring your medical expense deduction on the Itemized Deduction Schedule.) 3
	*Earned income includes net earnings and gains from the sale, transfer, or licensing of property you created. It does not include capital gain income. If you were more than a 2% shareholder in an S corporation, earned income is your wages from that corporation.