FORM **M-6A** (REV. 2019)

STATE OF HAWAII — DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION

REQUEST FOR RELEASE TO BE FILED FOR DECEDENTS DYING AFTER JUNE 30, 1983

Place QR Code Here (NOTE: References to "married" and "spouse" are also references to "in a civil union" and "civil union partner," respectively.)

"civil union partner," respectively.)		

THIS SPACE FOR DATE RECEIVED STAMP

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•	Estate of	Probate No.			
YPE	ESTATE OF XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	PROBATE NO X	XXXXX	XXXXX	XXXXX
Ä	Actual Place of Death	Date of Death			
10	ACTUAL PLACE OF DEATH XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	12-12-2018			
M	Resident of	Decedent's Social Se		umber	
• P	RESIDENT OF XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	123-45-6789			

If you were required to file federal estate tax return, Form 706, attach a copy of the first page of Form 706 or similar statement.

Signature of Personal Representative, surviving spouse, etc.

Social Security Number

or Identification Number_IDENTIFICATION NO XXXXXXX

INSTRUCTIONS

Changes You Should Note

Act 69, Session Laws of Hawaii (SLH) 2019, conforms the Hawaii Estate and Generation-Skipping Transfer Tax Law to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) as amended as of December 31, 2018 with the exception of the excludable amount of \$5,490,000. The exclusion amount of \$5,490,000 is set forth for the decedent in chapter 11 of the IRC as amended as of December 21, 2017, as if the decedent died on December 31, 2017. For the 2019 tax year, the federal excludable base amount is set at \$11,180,000, causing a "Gap" between the federal and state excludable amount.

General Instructions

1. **Purpose of Form** — Hawaii has neither an inheritance nor a gift tax. For persons dying after June 30, 1983 but before January 1, 2005, this tax is imposed on the transfer of the taxable estate of every resident and the taxable estate located in Hawaii of every nonresident. If a federal estate tax return (Form 706) is required and there was a federal estate tax due, then the personal representative or person(s) in possession, control or custody of the property **must** file Form M-6 (Hawaii Estate Tax Return) with the Hawaii Department of Taxation (Department). If a state estate tax is due, then the personal representative or person(s) in possession, control or custody of the property must file Form M-6 (Hawaii Estate Tax Return) with the Department. For persons dying after January 26, 2012, this tax is imposed on the transfer of the taxable estate of every resident and the taxable estate located in Hawaii of every nonresident. If the taxable estate of a resident or nonresident citizen decedent is less than \$5,490,000 or the taxable estate of a nonresident-noncitizen is less than \$60,000, no Hawaii Estate Tax Return (Form M-6) is required.

If an estate is not taxable and no estate tax is due, the personal representative or person(s) in possession, control, or custody of the property *must* file a Request for Release (Form M-6A) with the Department if they wish to obtain a release, which indicates that the personal representative or person(s) in possession, control, or custody are free from taxes under chapter 236E, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

- Who Should File The Form M-6A should be filed by the personal representative or a person in control, custody, or possession of the decedent's property.
- Time to File This return is due within nine months after the date of the decedent's death.
- 4. Where to File The completed form may be mailed to the Hawaii Department of Taxation, Estate and Transfer Tax Section, P. O. Box 259, Honolulu, Hawaii 96809-0259.
- 5. Where to Get More Information More information is available on the Department's website at tax.hawaii.gov or you may contact a customer service representative:

Voice: 808-587-4242

1-800-222-3229 (Toll-Free)

Telephone for the Hearing Impaired:

808-587-1418

1-800-887-8974 (Toll-Free)

Fax: 808-587-1488

Mail: Taxpayer Services Branch

P.O. Box 259

Honolulu, HI 96809-0259