3507

2018 Prison Inmate Labor Credit

Attach to your California tax return. The employer must keep the approved joint venture agreement for audit purposes.

Name(s) as shown on your California tax return		SSN or ITIN CA Corporation no. FEIN		
		Califor	nia Secretary of State file number	1
			<u></u>	
1	Total qualifying wages. See instructions	1		00
2	Multiply line 1 by 10% (.10)	2		00
3	Pass-through prison inmate labor credit(s) from Schedule K-1 (100S, 541, 565, or 568). See instruction	s 3		00
4	Total available prison inmate labor credit. Add line 2 and line 3. See instructions	4		00

General Information

A Purpose

Use form FTB 3507, Prison Inmate Labor Credit, to figure a credit for wages paid to prison inmates under an approved joint venture with the California Department of Corrections. Also use this form to claim pass-through prison inmate labor credits you received from S corporations, estates, trusts, partnerships, or limited liability companies (LLCs) classified as partnerships.

S corporations, estates, trusts, partnerships, and LLCs classified as partnerships should complete form FTB 3507 to figure the amount of credit to pass through to shareholders, beneficiaries, partners, or members. Attach this form to Form 100S, California S Corporation Franchise or Income Tax Return; Form 541, California Fiduciary Income Tax Return; Form 565, Partnership Return of Income; or Form 568, Limited Liability Company Return of Income. Show the pass-through credit for each shareholder, beneficiary, partner, or member on Schedule K-1 (100S, 541, 565, or 568) Share of Income, Deductions, Credits, etc.

B Qualifications

California allows a credit equal to 10% of the wages paid to each prisoner who is employed under an approved joint venture with the California Department of Corrections.

The credit amount is based on wages paid to each qualifying employee during the taxable year for the duration of the contract agreement.

The credit applies only to wages paid pursuant to a contract agreement, between the director of corrections and the joint venture employer, executed on or before the day the individual begins work for the employer.

C Limitations

S corporations may claim only 1/3 of the credit against the 1.5% entity-level tax (3.5% for financial S corporations). The remaining 2/3 must be disregarded and may not be used as a carryover. S corporations can pass through 100% of the credit to their shareholders.

If a taxpayer owns an interest in a disregarded business entity [a single member limited liability company (SMLLC) not recognized by California, and for tax purposes is treated as a sole proprietorship owned by an individual or a branch owned by a corporation], the usable credit amount received from the disregarded entity is limited to the difference between the taxpayer's regular tax figured with the income of the disregarded entity, and the taxpayer's regular tax figured without the income of the disregarded entity.

For more information on SMLLC, get Form 568, Limited Liability Company Tax Booklet.

This credit cannot reduce the regular tax below the minimum franchise tax (corporations and S corporations), the annual tax (limited partnerships, limited liability partnerships, and LLCs classified as a partnership), the alternative minimum tax (corporations, exempt organizations, individuals, and fiduciaries), the built-in gains tax (S corporations), or the excess net passive income tax (S corporations).

This credit cannot reduce regular tax below the tentative minimum tax (TMT). Get Schedule P (100, 100W, 540, 540NR, or 541), Alternative Minimum Tax and Credit Limitations, for more information.

There is no provision for carryover of any unused credit to succeeding tax years and in no event can you carry this credit back and apply it against a prior year's tax.

This credit is not refundable.

D Assignment of Credits

Assigned Credits to Affiliated Corporations – Credit earned by members of a combined reporting group may be assigned to an affiliated corporation that is an eligible member of the same combined reporting group. A credit assigned may only be claimed by the affiliated corporation against its tax liability. For more information, get form FTB 3544, Election to Assign Credit Within Combined Reporting Group, or form FTB 3544A, List of Assigned Credit Received and/or Claimed by Assignee or go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **credit assignment**.

Instructions

Line 1 – Enter the total amount of qualifying wages paid or incurred under the provisions of the approved joint venture.

Line 3 – If you received more than one pass-through credit from S corporations, estates, trusts, partnerships, or LLCs classified as partnerships, add the amounts and enter the total. Attach a schedule showing the names and identification numbers of the entities from which the credits were passed through to you.

Line 4 – The amount of this credit that you can claim on your tax return may be limited. See General Information C, Limitations. Also refer to the credit instructions in your tax booklet for more information. Use credit code **162** when you claim this credit.

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